

**Freedom of Information Act  
2000 – Statistics on  
implementation in central  
government  
Q3: July – September 2008**

Ministry of Justice  
Statistics bulletin

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## Introduction

The Freedom of Information Act 2000 (“Fol Act”) and the associated Environmental Information Regulations 2004 (“EIRs”) came fully into force on 1 January 2005. This bulletin covers the period July to September 2008 and presents the latest quarterly set of statistics on their implementation within central government.

The previous quarterly bulletins, together covering the period from January 2005 to June 2008, are available via the links on the following pages of the Ministry of Justice and Freedom of Information websites:

<http://www.justice.gov.uk/publications/freedomofinformationquarterly.htm>

<http://www.foi.gov.uk/reference/statisticsAndReports.htm>

The statistics in this bulletin relate to the handling of written requests for information received by monitored bodies during the relevant time period. **They cover only “non-routine” information requests**, and information given out on request as a part of routine business should not be counted. **Appendix A** gives a definition of a “non-routine” request, and other information on the scope of these statistics.

This bulletin presents monitoring statistics for a total of 42 central government bodies, including all major departments of state. **Appendix B** gives a full list of monitored bodies.

## Executive summary

Departments of State reported receiving 4,938 “non-routine” information requests during the third quarter of 2008 (Q3). Other monitored bodies received 3,887 requests. Across all monitored bodies, a total of 8,825 requests were received, of which 92 per cent had been processed at the time of monitoring. This includes 150 requests handled under the amended Environmental Information Regulations (EIRs) which came into force on 1 January 2005. *[see Table 1]*

The 8,825 requests across all monitored bodies received in the third quarter of 2008 is 16 per cent greater than the 7,580 received during the corresponding quarter of 2007. *[see Table A]*

During Q3 of 2008, 88 per cent of all monitored bodies’ requests (excluding those “on hold” or lapsed) were “in time”, in that they were processed within the statutory deadline\* or were subject to a permitted deadline extension. This figure is marginally higher than in the previous quarter, but lower than in the corresponding quarter of 2007. *[see Table 2 and Table B]*

Of all “resolvable” requests received during Q3 of 2008 (i.e. requests where it was possible to make a substantive decision on whether to release the information being sought), 57 per cent were granted in full, a small decrease compared to the previous quarter. *[see Table 3 and Table C]*

\* - 20 working days generally, 30 working days for The National Archives

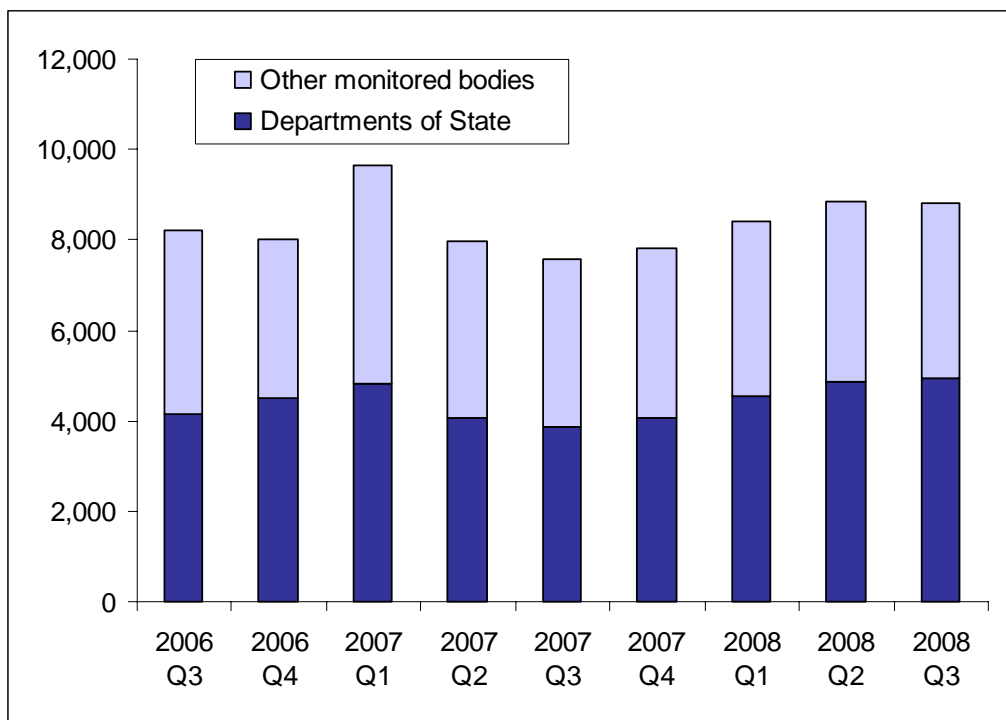
## Commentary

### Number of requests [see Table 1 and Table A]

Departments of State reported receiving a total of 4,938 information requests under the Freedom of Information Act and the associated Environmental Information Regulations during the quarter from 1 July to 30 September 2008 (Q3). Other monitored bodies reported having received 3,887 requests. Across all monitored bodies, therefore, a total of 8,825 requests were reported.

This overall total for Q3 of 2008 is 16 per cent greater than in the corresponding quarter last year (i.e. Q3 of 2007), and is just 40 fewer than in the preceding quarter. The number of requests received by Departments of State was 27 per cent more than during the same period last year, while the total received by other monitored bodies increased by 5 per cent. Departments of State accounted for 56 per cent of all requests received by monitored bodies in Q3 of 2008.

**Figure 1: Numbers of FoI requests received by Departments of State and other monitored bodies, quarterly from Q3 2006**



Of the Departments of State, the Ministry of Defence reported having received 685 requests during Q3, the highest departmental total. This was slightly more than the Ministry of Justice, whose total of 676 requests was the next highest. The Home Office (509) and the Department for Transport (485) were the other departments to receive more than 400 requests in Q3.

It should be noted that all these departments' figures include requests received by some of their agencies (see Appendix B).

Among other monitored bodies, the Health and Safety Executive reported having received 1,559 requests during Q3, while the National Archives received 1,002. The Health and Safety Executive is the only monitored body to have received more than 1,000 requests during each quarter since the Act was implemented.

Monitoring statistics also show the number of non-routine information requests that fell fully or mostly under the Environmental Information Regulations (EIRs). There were 150 such requests during the third quarter of 2008, accounting for 1.7 per cent of all requests received. The monitored bodies with the highest numbers of requests falling under the EIRs were Communities and Local Government with 36 requests, the Department for Transport with 24 requests, and the Department for Environment, Food and Rural Affairs with 31 requests.

#### **Status of requests at time of monitoring** *[see Table 1]*

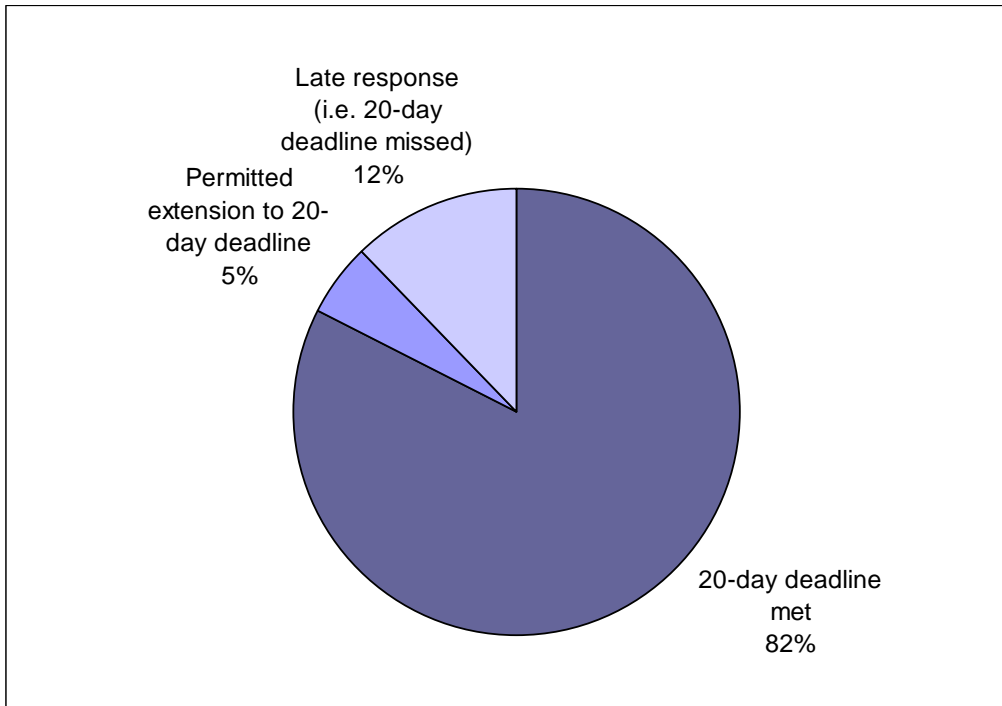
A large majority of requests (92 per cent) received during Q3 had been processed by the time monitoring information was collected. Of the 731 requests that were still being processed by the monitored bodies, 89 (12 per cent) were reported as "on hold" or "lapsed" because a fee had been charged but no payment had been received. These requests are effectively in suspension, since public authorities are not obliged to respond until the fee has been paid.

#### **Timeliness of response to requests** *[see Table 2 and Table B]*

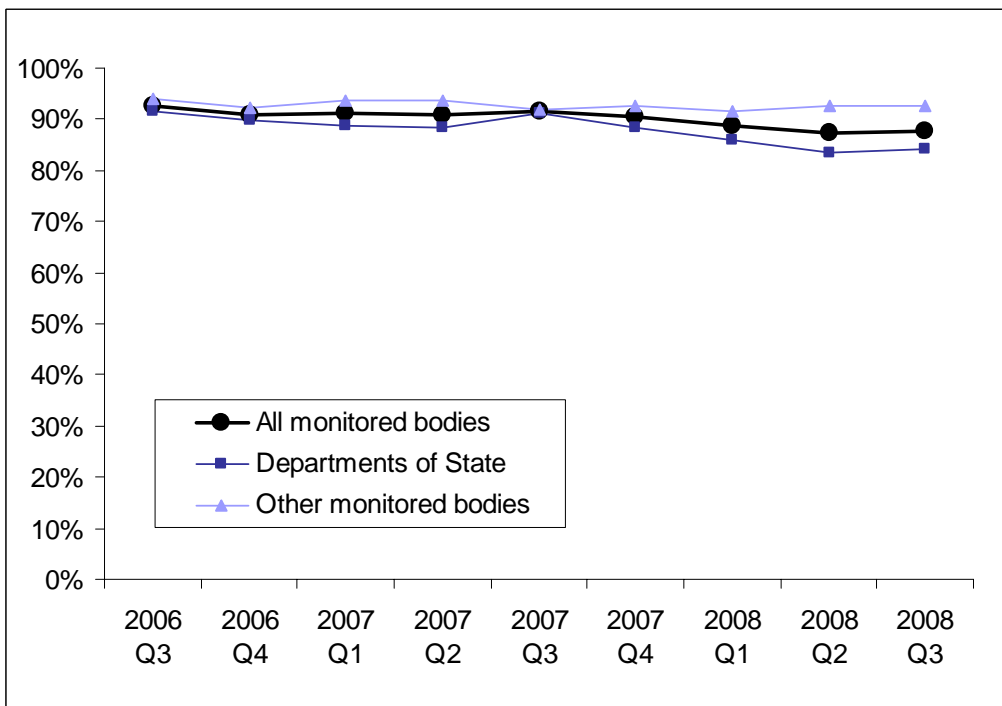
The FoI Act requires public bodies to respond to written requests for information within 20 working days of receipt (with limited exceptions, for example to allow additional time for the consideration of public interest). Across all monitored bodies, 82 per cent of requests received during Q3 of 2008 were sent a response within this standard deadline. Some 88 per cent of requests received during Q3 were "in time", in that they either received a response within the standard deadline or were subject to a permitted deadline extension. Both of these measures are lower than in the equivalent quarter last year. Compared to the previous quarter (i.e. Q2 of 2008), both the proportion of requests sent a response within the standard and the proportion answered "in time" were marginally higher.

Although the standard statutory deadline for response to a FoI request is 20 working days, a 30 working day deadline applies where requests relate wholly or partly to information transferred to the National Archives, which has provided response timeliness information on this basis.

**Figure 2: Timeliness of responses to FOI requests received by Departments of State and other monitored bodies in Q3 2008**



**Figure 3: Percentage of FOI requests processed “in time” by Departments of State and other monitored bodies, quarterly from Q3 2006**

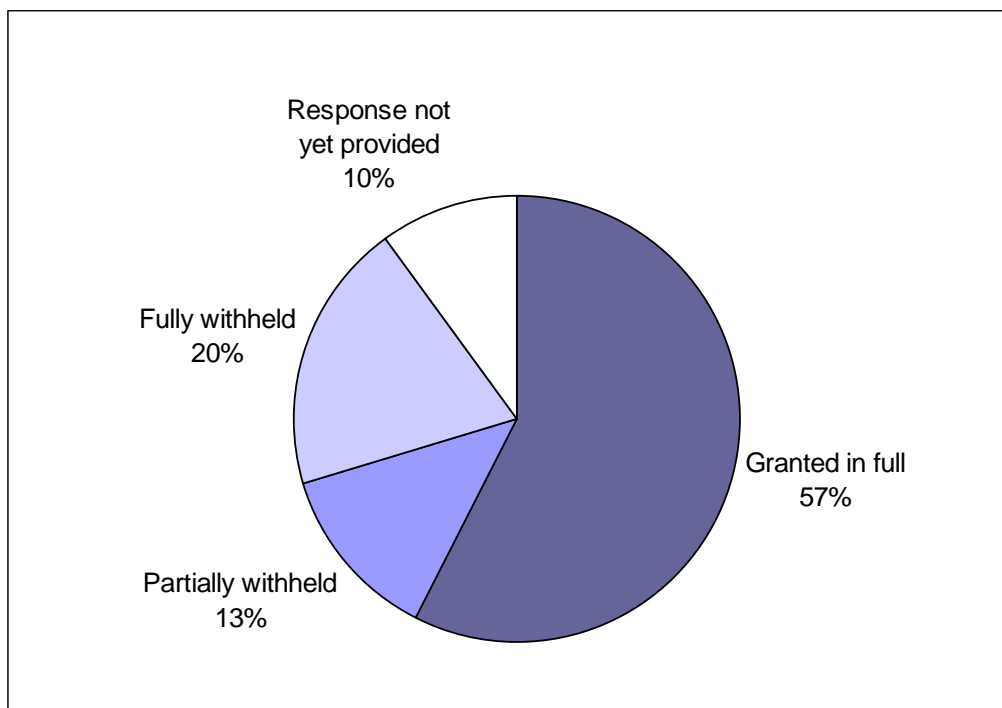


**Initial outcomes of requests [see Table 3 and Table C]**

Of the 8,825 requests reported during Q3 of 2008 across all monitored bodies, 89 were “on hold” awaiting a fee payment. In addition, a further 1,673 requests sought information that was not held, and 560 were responded to with “advice and assistance” because the body handling the request needed further information in order to identify the information being sought. As a result, the remaining 6,503 requests were assumed to be “resolvable”, in that it would have been possible to give a substantive decision on whether to release the information being sought.

Of the “resolvable” requests received during Q3, 57 per cent were granted in full, 13 per cent were withheld in part, and 20 per cent were withheld in full at the time of monitoring. The remaining 10 per cent had not yet received a substantive response.

**Figure 4: Initial outcomes of “resolvable” FoI requests received by Departments of State and other monitored bodies in Q3 2008**



The proportion of “resolvable” requests granted in full in Q3, 57 per cent, was slightly lower than in the previous quarter (59 per cent). The proportion of requests in Q3 that were partially withheld was the slightly higher than in the previous quarter, as was the proportion of requests withheld in full.

**Use of exemptions and exceptions [see Table 4]**

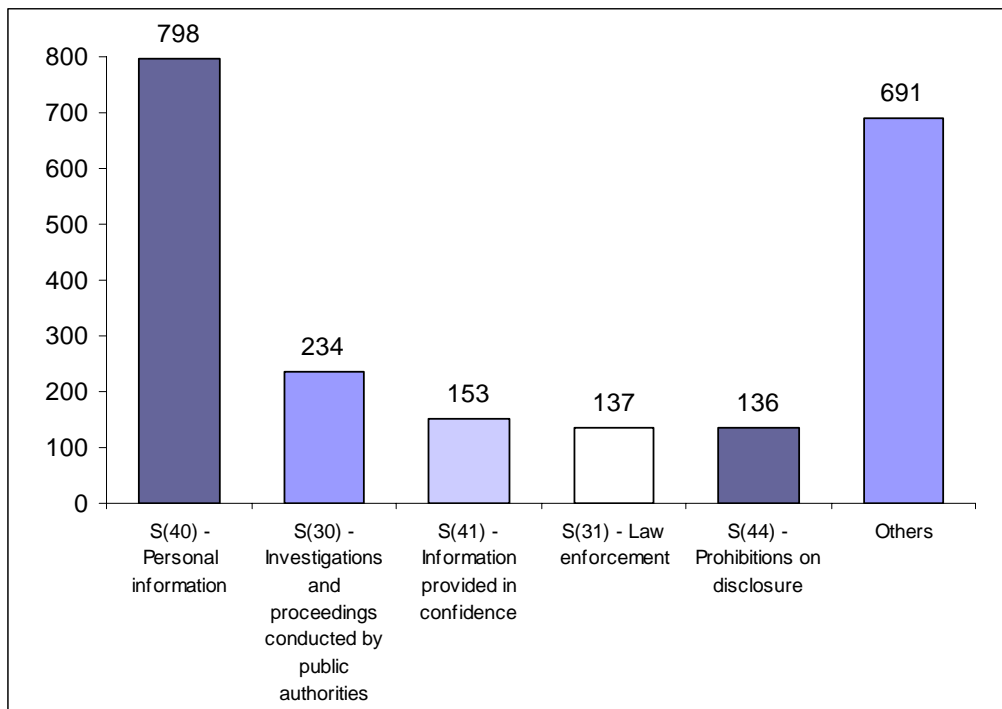
Under the FoI Act, a public authority can only refuse to provide requested information that it holds if:

- The request is considered vexatious or repeated
- The cost of compliance would exceed the appropriate limit
- The information falls in one or more of the categories of exempt information (“exemptions”) listed in Part II of the Act.

There are similar arrangements that apply to certain types of information under the EIRs. These list a number of “exceptions to the duty to disclose environmental information” in Part 3 of the Regulations.

Across all monitored bodies, a total of 1,722 requests were reported as having one or more of these exemptions or exceptions applied to them during Q3. This quarterly total is markedly higher than it was prior to Q3 of 2006 because it now includes data on exemption usage by the Health and Safety Executive, which was not previously available.

**Figure 5: Number of exemptions and exceptions applied by Departments of State and other monitored bodies on requests received in Q3 2008**



The most commonly applied exemptions or exceptions in Q3 were those listed at Section 40 of the FoI Act (relating to personal information), which was applied to 798 requests, Section 30 (investigations and proceedings conducted by public authorities), which was applied to 234 requests, and Section 41 (information provided in confidence), which was applied to 153 requests.



**Departmental name changes**

Please refer to note 1 in Appendix B for full details of departmental name changes that have occurred since Q3 2006, the period covered by the tables in this bulletin.

# Tables

## **Latest quarterly tables**

- Table 1. Number of non-routine information requests received by monitored bodies from 1 July – 30 September 2008, and their status at time of monitoring
- Table 2. Timeliness of response to non-routine information requests received by monitored bodies from 1 July – 30 September 2008
- Table 3. Initial outcomes of non-routine information requests received by monitored bodies from 1 July – 30 September 2008
- Table 4. Exemptions and exceptions applied by monitored bodies when withholding non-routine information requests received from 1 July – 30 September 2008

## **In-year performance and volume tables**

- Table A. Number of non-routine information requests received by monitored bodies, by quarter, since 1 July 2006
- Table B. Proportion of non-routine information requests received by monitored bodies that were answered “in time”, by quarter, since 1 July 2006
- Table C. Proportion of resolvable non-routine information requests received by monitored bodies that were granted in full, by quarter, since 1 July 2006

**TABLE 1****Number of non-routine information requests received from 1 July - 30 September 2008, and their status at time of monitoring<sup>1</sup>**

<b>Government body</b>	<b>Total requests received</b>	<b>Request status at time of monitoring<sup>1</sup></b>			
		<b>Processed</b>	<b>"On hold" or lapsed<sup>2</sup></b>	<b>Still being processed</b>	<b>Number handled under EIRs<sup>3</sup></b>
<b>TOTAL for all monitored bodies</b>	<b>8,825</b>	<b>8,094</b>	<b>89</b>	<b>642</b>	<b>150</b>
<b>TOTAL for Departments of State only</b>	<b>4,938</b>	<b>4,442</b>	<b>1</b>	<b>495</b>	<b>116</b>
<b>TOTAL for other monitored bodies</b>	<b>3,887</b>	<b>3,652</b>	<b>88</b>	<b>147</b>	<b>34</b>
<b><i>Departments of State</i></b>					
Attorney General's Office	24	24	0	0	0
Cabinet Office	237	226	0	11	1
Communities and Local Government	183	167	1	15	36
Department for Business, Enterprise and Regulatory Reform	223	211	0	12	5
Department for Children, Schools and Families	141	139	0	2	0
Department for Culture, Media and Sport #	119	107	0	12	0
Department for Environment, Food and Rural Affairs	121	116	0	5	31
Department for Innovation, Universities and Skills	71	60	0	11	0
Department for International Development	60	58	0	2	0
Department for Transport #	485	456	0	29	34
Department for Work and Pensions #	367	321	0	46	0
Department of Health	345	336	0	9	0
Export Credits Guarantee Department	13	12	0	1	0
Foreign and Commonwealth Office	275	264	0	11	0
HM Treasury	324	314	0	10	8
Home Office #	509	455	0	54	0
Ministry of Defence #	685	605	0	80	1
Ministry of Justice #	676	500	0	176	0
Northern Ireland Office	45	39	0	6	0
Scotland Office	23	21	0	2	0
Wales Office	12	11	0	1	0

**TABLE 1 continued**

**Number of non-routine information requests received from 1 July - 30 September 2008, and their status at time of monitoring<sup>1</sup>**

Government body	Total requests received	Request status at time of monitoring <sup>1</sup>			
		Processed	"On hold" or lapsed <sup>2</sup>	Still being processed	Number handled under EIRs <sup>3</sup>
<b><i>Other bodies included in monitoring</i></b>					
Central Office of Information	9	9	0	0	0
Charity Commission	128	128	0	0	0
Crown Prosecution Service	116	115	0	1	0
Debt Management Office	98	98	0	0	0
Food Standards Agency	20	18	0	2	1
Health and Safety Executive	1,559	1,520	0	39	18
HM Land Registry	25	25	0	0	0
HM Revenue and Customs	316	294	0	22	0
National Archives	1,002	837	88	77	1
National Savings and Investments	14	14	0	0	0
Office for National Statistics	30	30	0	0	0
Office for Standards in Education	225	225	0	0	0
Office of Fair Trading	82	82	0	0	0
Office of Gas and Electricity Markets (OFGEM)	31	30	0	1	0
Office of Rail Regulation	50	49	0	1	0
Ordnance Survey	53	52	0	1	1
Royal Mint	4	4	0	0	0
Rural Payments Agency	25	23	0	2	12
Serious Fraud Office	10	10	0	0	0
Treasury Solicitor's Department	69	69	0	0	0
Water Services Regulation Authority (OFWAT)	21	20	0	1	1

# - Figures supplied by these departments of state count non-routine information requests received by one or more of their agencies, as well those received by the departments themselves. Appendix B gives full details.

**Notes**

1 - Monitoring returns were submitted to the Ministry of Justice during November 2008.

2 - Requests "on hold" are those where a fee has been charged but no payment has been received at the time of monitoring. These requests are effectively suspended since public authorities are not obliged to respond until payment has been made.

Where a fee is charged and the deadline for payment expires, the request is deemed to have "lapsed" as no further action is required from the public authority.

3 - The amended Environmental Information Regulations 2004 (EIRs) came into force on 1 January 2005 to coincide with the FoI Act. For further information on the EIRs, see the main Notes section of this publication.

TABLE 2

Timeliness of response to non-routine information requests received by monitored bodies from 1 July - 30 September 2008

Government body	Total requests received (excluding on-hold and lapsed <sup>1</sup> )	Timeliness of response			Percentage of requests meeting 20-day deadline	Percentage of requests "in time" (i.e. meeting deadline or with permitted extension)
		20-day deadline met	Permitted extension <sup>2</sup> to 20-day deadline	Late response (i.e. 20-day deadline missed)		
<b>TOTAL for all monitored bodies</b>	<b>8,736</b>	<b>7,197</b>	<b>470</b>	<b>1,069</b>	<b>82%</b>	<b>88%</b>
<b>TOTAL for Departments of State only</b>	<b>4,937</b>	<b>3,837</b>	<b>312</b>	<b>788</b>	<b>78%</b>	<b>84%</b>
<b>TOTAL for other monitored bodies</b>	<b>3,799</b>	<b>3,360</b>	<b>158</b>	<b>281</b>	<b>88%</b>	<b>93%</b>
<b>Departments of State</b>						
Attorney General's Office	24	22	0	2	92%	92%
Cabinet Office	237	205	22	10	86%	96%
Communities and Local Government	182	155	14	13	85%	93%
Department for Business, Enterprise and Regulatory Reform	223	178	23	22	80%	90%
Department for Children, Schools and Families	141	126	4	11	89%	92%
Department for Culture, Media and Sport #	119	96	17	6	81%	95%
Department for Environment, Food and Rural Affairs	121	84	18	19	69%	84%
Department for Innovation, Universities and Skills	71	48	1	22	68%	69%
Department for International Development	60	51	5	4	85%	93%
Department for Transport #	485	413	15	57	85%	88%
Department for Work and Pensions #	367	222	5	140	60%	62%
Department of Health	345	308	5	32	89%	91%
Export Credits Guarantee Department	13	12	1	0	*	*
Foreign and Commonwealth Office	275	236	35	4	86%	99%
HM Treasury	324	308	14	2	95%	99%
Home Office #	509	374	43	92	73%	82%
Ministry of Defence #	685	532	59	94	78%	86%
Ministry of Justice #	676	402	23	251	59%	63%
Northern Ireland Office	45	36	6	3	80%	93%
Scotland Office	23	20	2	1	87%	96%
Wales Office	12	9	0	3	*	*

**TABLE 2 continued**

**Timeliness of response to non-routine information requests received by monitored bodies from 1 July - 30 September 2008**

Government body	Total requests received (excluding on-hold and lapsed <sup>1</sup> )	Timeliness of response			Percentage of requests meeting 20-day deadline	Percentage of requests "in time" (i.e. meeting deadline or with permitted extension)
		20-day deadline met	Permitted extension <sup>2</sup> to 20-day deadline	Late response (i.e. 20-day deadline missed)		
<b>Other bodies included in monitoring</b>						
Central Office of Information	9	9	0	0	*	*
Charity Commission	128	126	0	2	98%	98%
Crown Prosecution Service	116	113	0	3	97%	97%
Debt Management Office	98	98	0	0	100%	100%
Food Standards Agency	20	17	3	0	*	*
Health and Safety Executive	1,559	1,402	15	142	90%	91%
HM Land Registry	25	24	0	1	96%	96%
HM Revenue and Customs	316	249	2	65	79%	79%
National Archives ^	914	748	122	44	82%	95%
National Savings and Investments	14	14	0	0	*	*
Office for National Statistics	30	27	2	1	90%	97%
Office for Standards in Education	225	215	1	9	96%	96%
Office of Fair Trading	82	82	0	0	100%	100%
Office of Gas and Electricity Markets (OFGEM)	31	29	1	1	94%	97%
Office of Rail Regulation	50	48	2	0	96%	100%
Ordnance Survey	53	41	3	9	77%	83%
Royal Mint	4	3	0	1	*	*
Rural Payments Agency	25	21	2	2	84%	92%
Serious Fraud Office	10	10	0	0	*	*
Treasury Solicitor's Department	69	68	0	1	99%	99%
Water Services Regulation Authority (OFWAT)	21	16	5	0	76%	100%

**Notes**

\* - These percentages are not shown because the number of qualifying requests is 20 or fewer.

# - Figures supplied by these departments of state count non-routine information requests received by one or more of their agencies, as well those received by the departments themselves. Appendix B gives full details.

^ - Although the standard statutory deadline for responding to an information request is 20 working days, a 30-day deadline applies where requests relate wholly or partly to archived information. The National Archives' timeliness figures are therefore reported on this basis.

1 - Requests "on hold" or "lapsed" are those where a fee has been charged but no payment has been received. These requests are effectively suspended since public authorities are not obliged to respond until payment has been made. They are therefore excluded from the calculation of timeliness measures.

2 - "Permitted extensions" include:

Requests where the 20-day deadline for response under the Freedom of Information Act is extended to allow for consideration of the balance of the public interest.

Requests where the 20-day deadline for response under the Environmental Information Regulations is extended because of the complexity or volume of the request.

**TABLE 3**  
**Initial outcomes of non-routine information requests received by monitored bodies from 1 July - 30 September 2008**

Government body	Total requests received (excluding on-hold and lapsed <sup>1</sup> )	Requests where advice and assistance <sup>2</sup> provided	Requests where information not held	Total "resolvable" requests <sup>3</sup>	Initial outcome of request				Percentage of resolvable requests granted in full	Percentage of resolvable requests withheld in full
					Granted in full	Partially withheld	Fully withheld <sup>4</sup>	Response not yet provided <sup>5</sup>		
<b>TOTAL for all monitored bodies</b>	<b>8,736</b>	<b>560</b>	<b>1,673</b>	<b>6,503</b>	<b>3,732</b>	<b>840</b>	<b>1,289</b>	<b>642</b>	<b>57%</b>	<b>20%</b>
<b>TOTAL for Departments of State only</b>	<b>4,937</b>	<b>346</b>	<b>949</b>	<b>3,642</b>	<b>2,041</b>	<b>389</b>	<b>717</b>	<b>495</b>	<b>56%</b>	<b>20%</b>
<b>TOTAL for other monitored bodies</b>	<b>3,799</b>	<b>214</b>	<b>724</b>	<b>2,861</b>	<b>1,691</b>	<b>451</b>	<b>572</b>	<b>147</b>	<b>59%</b>	<b>20%</b>
<b>Departments of State</b>										
Attorney General's Office	24	2	17	5	1	0	4	0	*	*
Cabinet Office	237	43	51	143	44	24	64	11	31%	45%
Communities and Local Government	182	0	34	148	94	26	13	15	64%	9%
Department for Business, Enterprise and Regulatory Reform	223	13	42	168	65	49	42	12	39%	25%
Department for Children, Schools and Families	141	6	22	113	71	24	16	2	63%	14%
Department for Culture, Media and Sport #	119	15	19	85	51	11	11	12	60%	13%
Department for Environment, Food and Rural Affairs	121	10	12	99	64	10	20	5	65%	20%
Department for Innovation, Universities and Skills	71	5	14	52	32	1	8	11	62%	15%
Department for International Development	60	0	6	54	39	4	9	2	72%	17%
Department for Transport #	485	4	53	428	295	36	68	29	69%	16%
Department for Work and Pensions #	367	3	22	342	233	8	55	46	68%	16%
Department of Health	345	1	77	267	194	35	29	9	73%	11%
Export Credits Guarantee Department	13	1	0	12	10	0	1	1	*	*
Foreign and Commonwealth Office	275	22	52	201	70	48	72	11	35%	36%
HM Treasury	324	66	138	120	55	4	51	10	46%	43%
Home Office #	509	66	112	331	145	45	87	54	44%	26%
Ministry of Defence #	685	0	103	582	388	39	75	80	67%	13%
Ministry of Justice #	676	87	140	449	166	20	87	176	37%	19%
Northern Ireland Office	45	0	15	30	17	4	3	6	57%	10%
Scotland Office	23	0	13	10	5	1	2	2	*	*
Wales Office	12	2	7	3	2	0	0	1	*	*

**TABLE 3 continued**  
**Initial outcomes of non-routine information requests received by monitored bodies from 1 July - 30 September 2008**

Government body	Total requests received (excluding on-hold and lapsed <sup>1</sup> )	Requests where advice and assistance <sup>2</sup> provided	Requests where information not held	Total "resolvable" requests <sup>3</sup>	Initial outcome of request				Percentage of resolvable requests granted in full	Percentage of resolvable requests withheld in full
					Granted in full	Partially withheld	Fully withheld <sup>4</sup>	Response not yet provided <sup>5</sup>		
<b>Other bodies included in monitoring</b>										
Central Office of Information	9	0	3	6	6	0	0	0	*	*
Charity Commission	128	4	16	108	55	31	22	0	51%	20%
Crown Prosecution Service	116	14	41	61	20	5	35	1	33%	57%
Debt Management Office	98	0	0	98	98	0	0	0	100%	0%
Food Standards Agency	20	0	3	17	5	7	3	2	*	*
Health and Safety Executive	1,559	61	477	1,021	551	220	211	39	54%	21%
HM Land Registry	25	1	1	23	22	0	1	0	96%	4%
HM Revenue and Customs	316	5	31	280	156	45	57	22	56%	20%
National Archives	914	79	68	767	512	37	141	77	67%	18%
National Savings and Investments	14	0	0	14	14	0	0	0	*	*
Office for National Statistics	30	1	7	22	14	5	3	0	64%	14%
Office for Standards in Education	225	0	35	190	83	63	44	0	44%	23%
Office of Fair Trading	82	17	6	59	10	7	42	0	17%	71%
Office of Gas and Electricity Markets (OFGEM)	31	8	4	19	14	4	0	1	*	*
Office of Rail Regulation	50	6	7	37	25	7	4	1	68%	11%
Ordnance Survey	53	2	7	44	37	3	3	1	84%	7%
Royal Mint	4	0	0	4	2	1	1	0	*	*
Rural Payments Agency	25	7	3	15	7	5	1	2	*	*
Serious Fraud Office	10	1	3	6	5	1	0	0	*	*
Treasury Solicitor's Department	69	7	9	53	40	10	3	0	75%	6%
Water Services Regulation Authority (OFWAT)	21	1	3	17	15	0	1	1	*	*

**Notes**

\* - These percentages are not shown because the number of qualifying requests is 20 or fewer.

# - Figures supplied by these departments of state count non-routine information requests received by one or more of their agencies, as well those received by the departments themselves. Appendix B gives full details.

1 - Requests "on hold" or "lapsed" are those where a fee has been charged but no payment has been received. These requests are effectively suspended since public authorities are not obliged to respond until payment has been made.

2 - "Advice and assistance" would be provided to a requester when the body "reasonably requires further information in order to identify and locate the information requested". See section 1(3) of the Freedom of Information Act for further details.

3 - "Resolvable requests" are all those where it is possible to make a substantive decision on whether to release the requested information. They exclude requests which are lapsed or "on-hold", where the information was not held, and where it was necessary to provide advice and assistance (see note above) since in each of these cases it would not have been possible to resolve the request in the form it was asked.

4 - "Fully withheld" requests include those which were refused because it was estimated that the cost of complying with the request would exceed the appropriate limit.

5 - This table counts as "resolvable" all requests where a response has not yet been provided. This assumption is likely to be generally true but may be incorrect in a small number of cases.

It should also be noted that requests where a response has not yet been provided are more likely to involve considerations which are complex and finely balanced. As a result, it cannot be assumed that these requests will be granted and refused in the same proportions as "resolvable" requests in general.



TABLE 4

Exemptions and exceptions<sup>1</sup> applied by monitored bodies\* when withholding non-routine information requests received from 1 July - 30 September 2008

Exemption / Exception <sup>1</sup>	Number of requests where exemption used		
	Departments of State only	Other monitored bodies	TOTAL
<b>Total number of requests where one or more exemptions or exceptions were applied</b>	<b>733</b>	<b>989</b>	<b>1,722</b>
<b>Number of requests where each exemption (listed in Part II of Fol Act<sup>2</sup>) was applied</b>			
S(22) - Information intended for future publication	54	13	67
S(23) - Information supplied by, or relating to, bodies dealing with security matters	36	0	36
S(24) - National security	17	1	18
S(26) - Defence	12	0	12
S(27) - International relations	55	4	59
S(28) - Relations within the United Kingdom	0	0	0
S(29) - The economy	0	1	1
S(30) - Investigations and proceedings conducted by public authorities	12	222	234
S(31) - Law enforcement	37	100	137
S(32) - Court records, etc	19	21	40
S(33) - Audit functions	0	4	4
S(34) - Parliamentary privilege	0	0	0
S(35) - Formulation of Government policy, etc	98	5	103
S(36) - Prejudice to effective conduct of public affairs	41	4	45
S(37) - Communications with Her Majesty, etc and honours	4	4	8
S(38) - Health and Safety	19	49	68
S(39) - Environmental information	_3	_3	_3
S(40) - Personal information	260	538	798
S(41) - Information provided in confidence	50	103	153
S(42) - Legal professional privilege	24	23	47
S(43) - Commercial interests	75	33	108
S(44) - Prohibitions on disclosure	10	126	136
<b>Number of requests where each exception (listed in Part 3 of EIRs) was applied</b>			
3(a) - Exempt personal data	11	3	14
4(b) - Manifestly unreasonable	3	0	3
4(c) - Too general	1	0	1
4(d) - Work in progress / incomplete data	7	0	7
4(e) - Internal communications	30	0	30
5(a) - Adverse effect on international relations, defence, national security, public safety	2	1	3
5(b) - Adverse effect on course of justice or conduct of enquiries	6	0	6
5(c) - Adverse effect on intellectual property rights	2	0	2
5(d) - Impinges on confidentiality of a public authority's work	0	0	0
5(e) - Impinges on confidentiality of commercial or industrial information	6	1	7
5(f) - Adverse effect on interests of person who provided the information	2	0	2
5(g) - Adverse effect on protection of environment to which information relates	0	0	0

#### Notes

\* - A full list of monitored bodies is shown in Appendix B. This also includes details of those departments of state whose figures include non-routine information requests received by one or more of their agencies, as well those received by the departments themselves.

1 - "Exemptions" refers to the provisions in Part 2 of the Freedom of Information Act (and the similar "exceptions" in Part 3 of the Environmental Information Regulations) which classify certain types of information as exempt from the release obligations. More than one exemption or exception can apply to a single information request.

2 - The exemption described in section 21 of the Act ("Information accessible ... by other means") is not listed here, because requests falling under this exemption do not meet the formal definition of a "non-routine" request and therefore are not counted in these monitoring statistics.

3 - The exemption listed at section 39 of the Freedom of Information Act ("Environmental Information") effectively states that information requests which fall within the scope of the Environmental Information Regulations (EIRs) should be handled as these Regulations specify. Requests for environmental information which are refused should apply one of the EIR exceptions listed above.



TABLE A

Number of non-routine information requests received by monitored bodies, by quarter, since 1 July 2006

Government body	Total requests received								
	2006		2007				2008		
	Q3: Jul-Sep	Q4: Oct-Dec	Q1: Jan-Mar	Q2: Apr-Jun	Q3: Jul-Sep	Q4: Oct-Dec	Q1: Jan-Mar	Q2: Apr-Jun	Q3: Jul-Sep
<b>TOTAL for all monitored bodies</b>	<b>8,209</b>	<b>7,999</b>	<b>9,644</b>	<b>7,988</b>	<b>7,580</b>	<b>7,804</b>	<b>8,429</b>	<b>8,865</b>	<b>8,825</b>
<b>TOTAL for Departments of State only</b>	<b>4,159</b>	<b>4,517</b>	<b>4,838</b>	<b>4,084</b>	<b>3,883</b>	<b>4,078</b>	<b>4,526</b>	<b>4,879</b>	<b>4,938</b>
<b>TOTAL for other monitored bodies</b>	<b>4,050</b>	<b>3,482</b>	<b>4,806</b>	<b>3,904</b>	<b>3,697</b>	<b>3,726</b>	<b>3,903</b>	<b>3,986</b>	<b>3,887</b>
<b>Departments of State</b>									
Attorney General's Office	22	15	31	10	14	13	12	19	24
Cabinet Office	177	192	181	170	130	157	193	212	237
Communities and Local Government	150	157	137	119	154	136	150	191	183
Department for Business, Enterprise and Regulatory Reform	-	-	-	-	114	142	135	184	223
Department for Children, Schools and Families	-	-	-	-	98	115	139	162	141
Department for Culture, Media and Sport #	88	115	113	113	77	70	106	131	119
Department for Education and Skills	104	167	158	131	-	-	-	-	-
Department for Environment, Food and Rural Affairs	128	95	111	75	106	100	101	116	121
Department for Innovation, Universities and Skills	-	-	-	-	11	20	22	39	71
Department for International Development	52	56	49	41	47	53	67	101	60
Department for Transport #	400	417	483	440	482	473	538	518	485
Department for Work and Pensions #	304	384	366	308	260	325	298	368	367
Department of Health	346	320	408	311	310	260	329	343	345
Department of Trade and Industry	111	119	144	114	-	-	-	-	-
Deputy Prime Minister's Office	20	3	2	1	-	-	-	-	-
Export Credits Guarantee Department	22	20	10	11	13	16	7	14	13
Foreign and Commonwealth Office	220	229	297	249	248	233	286	248	275
HM Treasury	264	353	316	267	241	268	293	447	324
Home Office #	733	785	920	512	417	420	470	510	509
Ministry of Defence #	761	816	790	830	667	739	718	635	685
Ministry of Justice #^	178	158	222	304	455	464	580	542	676
Northern Ireland Office	43	73	54	51	25	36	45	50	45
Privy Council Office	8	7	3	-	-	-	-	-	-
Scotland Office	16	17	25	14	8	28	19	38	23
Wales Office	12	19	18	13	6	10	18	11	12

**TABLE A continued**

**Number of non-routine information requests received by monitored bodies, by quarter, since 1 July 2006**

Government body	Total requests received								
	2006		2007				2008		
	Q3: Jul-Sep	Q4: Oct-Dec	Q1: Jan-Mar	Q2: Apr-Jun	Q3: Jul-Sep	Q4: Oct-Dec	Q1: Jan-Mar	Q2: Apr-Jun	Q3: Jul-Sep
<b>Other bodies included in monitoring</b>									
Central Office of Information	6	6	7	8	14	13	14	12	9
Charity Commission	57	63	84	120	79	106	125	114	128
Crown Prosecution Service	68	67	113	87	100	106	102	107	116
Debt Management Office	117	129	64	66	54	62	67	76	98
Food Standards Agency	35	41	42	24	26	24	31	27	20
Health and Safety Executive	1,349	1,282	1,542	1,355	1,531	1,471	1,584	1,742	1,559
HM Land Registry	25	12	12	17	12	27	17	29	25
HM Revenue and Customs	279	293	337	291	280	303	312	354	316
National Archives	1,597	1,101	1,939	1,376	1,026	1,064	1,004	823	1,002
National Savings and Investments	11	30	22	28	32	22	40	36	14
Office for National Statistics	39	23	50	33	31	34	24	17	30
Office for Standards in Education	156	152	200	191	188	227	240	259	225
Office of Fair Trading	50	48	97	64	96	68	66	86	82
Office of Gas and Electricity Markets (OFGEM)	46	46	45	45	39	28	46	41	31
Office of Rail Regulation	51	38	71	47	52	31	46	56	50
Ordnance Survey	39	16	26	32	27	36	33	53	53
Royal Mint	3	1	1	3	5	2	5	5	4
Rural Payments Agency	36	53	50	43	32	29	42	35	25
Serious Fraud Office	8	20	27	10	9	4	20	25	10
Treasury Solicitor's Department	59	45	68	48	51	52	79	66	69
Water Services Regulation Authority (OFWAT)	19	16	9	16	13	17	6	23	21

**Notes**

# - Figures supplied by these departments of state count non-routine information requests received by one or more of their agencies, as well those received by the departments themselves. Appendix B gives full details.

^ - Figures up to and including Q1 2007 are for the Department for Constitutional Affairs.

**TABLE B**

Proportion of non-routine information requests received that were answered "in time", by quarter, since 1 July 2006 (see footnote)

Government body	Proportion of requests answered "in time" (see footnote)								
	2006		2007				2008		
	Q3: Jul-Sep	Q4: Oct-Dec	Q1: Jan-Mar	Q2: Apr-Jun	Q3: Jul-Sep	Q4: Oct-Dec	Q1: Jan-Mar	Q2: Apr-Jun	Q3: Jul-Sep
<b>TOTAL for all monitored bodies</b>	<b>93%</b>	<b>91%</b>	<b>91%</b>	<b>91%</b>	<b>92%</b>	<b>90%</b>	<b>89%</b>	<b>87%</b>	<b>88%</b>
<b>TOTAL for Departments of State only</b>	<b>92%</b>	<b>90%</b>	<b>89%</b>	<b>88%</b>	<b>91%</b>	<b>88%</b>	<b>86%</b>	<b>83%</b>	<b>84%</b>
<b>TOTAL for other monitored bodies</b>	<b>94%</b>	<b>92%</b>	<b>94%</b>	<b>94%</b>	<b>92%</b>	<b>93%</b>	<b>92%</b>	<b>92%</b>	<b>93%</b>
<b>Departments of State</b>									
Attorney General's Office	100%	*	81%	*	*	*	*	*	92%
Cabinet Office	92%	93%	95%	98%	97%	97%	96%	92%	96%
Communities and Local Government	87%	85%	85%	85%	90%	90%	87%	92%	93%
Department for Business, Enterprise and Regulatory Reform	-	-	-	-	96%	92%	93%	88%	90%
Department for Children, Schools and Families	-	-	-	-	91%	94%	94%	92%	92%
Department for Culture, Media and Sport #	85%	82%	76%	74%	79%	70%	82%	92%	95%
Department for Education and Skills	96%	91%	91%	92%	-	-	-	-	-
Department for Environment, Food and Rural Affairs	91%	92%	87%	81%	90%	88%	88%	80%	84%
Department for Innovation, Universities and Skills	-	-	-	-	*	*	77%	64%	69%
Department for International Development	98%	73%	41%	93%	96%	81%	82%	92%	93%
Department for Transport #	93%	92%	90%	88%	92%	91%	90%	87%	88%
Department for Work and Pensions #	94%	88%	91%	88%	92%	79%	70%	56%	62%
Department of Health	95%	92%	93%	88%	93%	91%	93%	89%	91%
Department of Trade and Industry	93%	94%	95%	83%	-	-	-	-	-
Deputy Prime Minister's Office	*	*	*	*	-	-	-	-	-
Export Credits Guarantee Department	41%	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*
Foreign and Commonwealth Office	90%	96%	98%	98%	98%	97%	98%	98%	99%
HM Treasury	97%	92%	97%	93%	94%	97%	99%	100%	99%
Home Office #	91%	90%	86%	88%	88%	88%	84%	83%	82%
Ministry of Defence #	91%	89%	87%	86%	89%	85%	86%	82%	86%
Ministry of Justice #^	92%	91%	86%	91%	90%	88%	71%	65%	63%
Northern Ireland Office	81%	69%	85%	98%	88%	83%	81%	84%	93%
Privy Council Office	*	*	*	-	-	-	-	-	-
Scotland Office	*	*	84%	*	*	79%	*	89%	96%
Wales Office	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*

**TABLE B continued**

**Proportion of non-routine information requests received that were answered "in time", by quarter, since 1 July 2006 (see footnote)**

Government body	Proportion of requests answered "in time" (see footnote)								
	2006		2007				2008		
	Q3: Jul-Sep	Q4: Oct-Dec	Q1: Jan-Mar	Q2: Apr-Jun	Q3: Jul-Sep	Q4: Oct-Dec	Q1: Jan-Mar	Q2: Apr-Jun	Q3: Jul-Sep
<b>Other bodies included in monitoring</b>									
Central Office of Information	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*
Charity Commission	96%	94%	98%	99%	96%	97%	90%	97%	98%
Crown Prosecution Service	94%	97%	100%	99%	100%	100%	99%	100%	97%
Debt Management Office	100%	100%	100%	100%	100%	100%	100%	100%	100%
Food Standards Agency	97%	95%	100%	96%	100%	100%	100%	100%	*
Health and Safety Executive	92%	89%	88%	90%	90%	91%	90%	92%	91%
HM Land Registry	96%	*	*	*	*	100%	*	97%	96%
HM Revenue and Customs	84%	80%	86%	81%	78%	71%	77%	77%	79%
National Archives +	99%	98%	98%	98%	95%	99%	96%	97%	95%
National Savings and Investments	*	100%	95%	100%	100%	95%	100%	94%	*
Office for National Statistics	95%	91%	88%	91%	90%	94%	96%	*	97%
Office for Standards in Education	97%	99%	98%	94%	95%	93%	95%	95%	96%
Office of Fair Trading	92%	88%	95%	91%	93%	97%	94%	97%	100%
Office of Gas and Electricity Markets (OFGEM)	93%	100%	96%	96%	95%	93%	89%	100%	97%
Office of Rail Regulation	100%	100%	99%	98%	98%	97%	98%	96%	100%
Ordnance Survey	95%	*	92%	94%	85%	83%	88%	85%	83%
Royal Mint	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*
Rural Payments Agency	78%	81%	84%	88%	84%	79%	76%	77%	92%
Serious Fraud Office	*	*	100%	*	*	*	*	92%	*
Treasury Solicitor's Department	100%	98%	100%	100%	100%	96%	99%	100%	99%
Water Services Regulation Authority (OFWAT)	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	87%	100%

# - Figures supplied by these departments of state count non-routine information requests received by one or more of their agencies, as well those received by the departments themselves. Appendix B gives full details.

\* - These percentages are not shown because the number of qualifying requests is 20 or fewer.

^ - Figures up to and including Q1 2007 are for the Department for Constitutional Affairs.

+ - Although the standard statutory deadline for responding to an information request is 20 working days, a 30-day deadline applies where requests relate wholly or partly to archived information. The National Archives' timeliness figures are therefore reported on this basis.

**Notes**

A request is "in time" if it was answered within the statutory response deadline, or within a permitted extension to this deadline.

Permitted extensions include:

Requests where the 20-day deadline for response under the Freedom of Information Act is extended to allow for consideration of the balance of the public interest.

Requests where the 20-day deadline for response under the Environmental Information Regulations is extended because of the complexity or volume of the request.

Requests "on hold" or "lapsed" are those where a fee has been charged but no payment has been received. These requests are effectively suspended since public authorities are not obliged to respond until payment has been made. They are therefore excluded from this calculation.

**TABLE C**

**Proportion of resolvable non-routine information requests received that were granted in full, by quarter, since 1 July 2006 (see footnote)**

Government body	Proportion of requests granted in full								
	2006		2007				2008		
	Q3: Jul–Sep	Q4: Oct–Dec	Q1: Jan–Mar	Q2: Apr–Jun	Q3: Jul–Sep	Q4: Oct–Dec	Q1: Jan–Mar	Q2: Apr–Jun	Q3: Jul–Sep
<b>TOTAL for all monitored bodies</b>	<b>61%</b>	<b>59%</b>	<b>63%</b>	<b>61%</b>	<b>58%</b>	<b>60%</b>	<b>58%</b>	<b>59%</b>	<b>57%</b>
<b>TOTAL for Departments of State only</b>	<b>60%</b>	<b>58%</b>	<b>58%</b>	<b>59%</b>	<b>57%</b>	<b>60%</b>	<b>57%</b>	<b>57%</b>	<b>56%</b>
<b>TOTAL for other monitored bodies</b>	<b>61%</b>	<b>61%</b>	<b>68%</b>	<b>63%</b>	<b>58%</b>	<b>60%</b>	<b>59%</b>	<b>61%</b>	<b>59%</b>
<b>Departments of State</b>									
Attorney General's Office	*	*	4%	*	*	*	*	*	*
Cabinet Office	44%	33%	35%	35%	30%	29%	25%	25%	31%
Communities and Local Government	62%	69%	65%	71%	60%	61%	62%	57%	64%
Department for Business, Enterprise and Regulatory Reform	-	-	-	-	42%	45%	40%	40%	39%
Department for Children, Schools and Families	-	-	-	-	70%	68%	59%	76%	63%
Department for Culture, Media and Sport #	52%	40%	45%	45%	55%	47%	63%	55%	60%
Department for Education and Skills	70%	70%	66%	67%	-	-	-	-	-
Department for Environment, Food and Rural Affairs	64%	71%	79%	55%	46%	64%	66%	60%	65%
Department for Innovation, Universities and Skills	-	-	-	-	*	*	*	66%	62%
Department for International Development	89%	62%	56%	57%	51%	64%	63%	67%	72%
Department for Transport #	76%	74%	77%	74%	71%	67%	73%	71%	69%
Department for Work and Pensions #	75%	78%	82%	83%	83%	83%	73%	73%	68%
Department of Health	69%	75%	67%	65%	62%	63%	70%	74%	73%
Department of Trade and Industry	41%	35%	47%	39%	-	-	-	-	-
Deputy Prime Minister's Office	*	*	*	*	-	-	-	-	-
Export Credits Guarantee Department	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*
Foreign and Commonwealth Office	30%	17%	31%	26%	26%	34%	34%	31%	35%
HM Treasury	59%	40%	41%	21%	27%	35%	33%	46%	46%
Home Office #	40%	41%	40%	51%	58%	49%	46%	51%	44%
Ministry of Defence #	74%	70%	68%	68%	68%	73%	70%	66%	67%
Ministry of Justice #^	39%	43%	41%	41%	39%	45%	31%	33%	37%
Northern Ireland Office	47%	42%	28%	62%	*	46%	42%	41%	57%
Privy Council Office	*	*	*	-	-	-	-	-	-
Scotland Office	*	*	*	*	*	81%	*	42%	*
Wales Office	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*

**TABLE C continued**

**Proportion of resolvable non-routine information requests received that were granted in full, by quarter, since 1 July 2006 (see footnote)**

Government body	Proportion of requests granted in full								
	2006		2007				2008		
	Q3: Jul-Sep	Q4: Oct-Dec	Q1: Jan-Mar	Q2: Apr-Jun	Q3: Jul-Sep	Q4: Oct-Dec	Q1: Jan-Mar	Q2: Apr-Jun	Q3: Jul-Sep
<b>Other bodies included in monitoring</b>									
Central Office of Information	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*
Charity Commission	35%	37%	55%	53%	51%	61%	66%	44%	51%
Crown Prosecution Service	47%	52%	44%	59%	31%	26%	46%	36%	33%
Debt Management Office	100%	100%	100%	100%	100%	100%	100%	100%	100%
Food Standards Agency	59%	16%	34%	43%	48%	32%	45%	52%	*
Health and Safety Executive	54%	51%	52%	52%	48%	46%	49%	50%	54%
HM Land Registry	86%	*	*	*	*	100%	*	93%	96%
HM Revenue and Customs	47%	44%	43%	47%	47%	55%	50%	53%	56%
National Archives	74%	79%	89%	84%	78%	82%	77%	85%	67%
National Savings and Investments	*	92%	*	91%	92%	*	92%	81%	*
Office for National Statistics	47%	*	21%	48%	50%	57%	*	*	64%
Office for Standards in Education	55%	42%	38%	44%	38%	45%	47%	60%	44%
Office of Fair Trading	23%	38%	45%	48%	42%	33%	25%	27%	17%
Office of Gas and Electricity Markets (OFGEM)	55%	82%	63%	52%	58%	*	64%	77%	*
Office of Rail Regulation	87%	71%	88%	78%	62%	65%	83%	75%	68%
Ordnance Survey	74%	*	85%	65%	67%	78%	85%	80%	84%
Royal Mint	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*
Rural Payments Agency	79%	68%	70%	41%	*	57%	57%	53%	*
Serious Fraud Office	*	*	30%	*	*	*	*	*	*
Treasury Solicitor's Department	96%	88%	96%	100%	93%	94%	68%	74%	75%
Water Services Regulation Authority (OFWAT)	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*

# - Figures supplied by these departments of state count non-routine information requests received by one or more of their agencies, as well those received by the departments themselves. Appendix B gives full details.

\* - These percentages are not shown because the number of qualifying requests is 20 or fewer.

^ - Figures up to and including Q1 2007 are for the Department for Constitutional Affairs.

**Notes**

"Resolvable requests" are all those where it would have been possible to provide a substantive response. They exclude requests which are lapsed or "on-hold", where the information was not held, and where it was necessary to provide advice and assistance to the requester, since in each of these cases it would not have been possible to resolve the request in the form it was asked.



## Appendix A – Important note on the scope and consistency of the statistics

### Defining the scope of Freedom of Information monitoring

Section 1 of the Freedom of Information Act 2000 (Fol) states that (subject to certain conditions):

*“Any person making a request for information to a public authority is entitled—*

*(a) to be informed in writing by the public authority whether it holds information of the description specified in the request, and*

*(b) if that is the case, to have that information communicated to him”*

Regulation 5 of the Environmental Information Regulations 2004 states that (subject to certain conditions):

*“A public authority that holds environmental information shall make it available on request.”*

Following their introduction on 1 January 2005, the above provisions apply to all relevant requests for information made to public authorities, no matter how routine and straightforward they may be.

Government departments supply large amounts of information, both on request and proactively, as an established and routine part of their business. This includes information released in the form of leaflets, correspondence exchanges, reports and other published material, and through websites and departmental Fol Publication Schemes. All information released on request is covered by the Freedom of Information Act. However, it would be both uninformative and fundamentally unfeasible to count all such activity in departmental Freedom of Information monitoring returns.

The statistics in this bulletin therefore relate only to **the “non-routine” information requests** that government departments have received. Essentially, this means that departments’ statistics should only count those requests where:

1. it was necessary to take a considered view on how to handle the request under the terms of the Freedom of Information Act, and
2. departmental Freedom of Information officer(s) were informed of the request and logged it in their case management systems.

## Defining a request

The full definition of an “information request” for the purposes of inclusion in the Ministry of Justice’s monitoring returns is shown below. This definition was circulated to members of the central government “Freedom of Information Practitioners’ Group” in November 2004.

*“[An information request for monitoring purposes is one ...]*

1. *Which meets the criteria in section 8 of the Freedom of Information Act and if the request falls under the Environmental Information Regulations it includes requests made in any form or context, including oral requests; **and***
2. *Which is a request for information that is not already reasonably accessible to the applicant by other means; **and***
  - (i) Which results in the release of one or more documents (in any media) or inclusion of extracts of documents in the information released; **or***
  - (ii) Results in information being withheld under an exemption or exception from the right of access (either the Freedom of Information Act or the Environmental Information Regulations); **or***
  - (iii) The request is not processed because the department estimates the cost of complying would exceed the appropriate limit in accordance with section 12 of the Freedom of Information Act; **or***
  - (iv) The request is not processed because the department is relying on the provisions of section 14 of the Freedom of Information Act; **or***
  - (v) Where a search is made for information sought in the request and it is found that none is held.”*

## Consistency of the statistics

It is necessary to apply a definition of this sort in order to set a clear boundary to the coverage of our monitoring, and thereby obtain meaningful information from the process. The definition shown above has been widely disseminated to Freedom of Information officers in government and we have tried to ensure that it is applied consistently across all monitored bodies.

However, there is considerable variation in the way these bodies are structured and managed, and in the mechanisms that they have put in place to meet their obligations under the Freedom of Information Act. For example, some bodies operate a centralised Freedom of Information secretariat that co-ordinates responses to all information requests received. Others give a greater degree of autonomy to individual work areas in the handing of information requests.

As a result of these differences, **there is likely to be a degree of inconsistency** in the way in which bodies have interpreted and applied the definition of an “information request” for monitoring purposes. Although we cannot estimate the extent or effect of the likely inconsistency, it is very important to bear in mind when using the figures in this bulletin, particularly when comparing statistics for individual bodies.

**In summary, it is important to note that:**

- (i) These statistics only cover “non-routine” information requests, and do not give a representative picture of all requests for information received in government.**
- (ii) There is likely to be a degree of inconsistency between monitored bodies’ interpretations of the definition of an “information request” for monitoring purposes. This should be borne in mind when using these statistics.**

## Appendix B – Government bodies included in these statistics

The statistics in this bulletin have been derived from monitoring returns completed by Freedom of Information officers in government departments during November 2008. This is the seventh set of quarterly Freedom of Information statistics to be published by the Ministry of Justice (MoJ), the government department which now has lead responsibility for the Freedom of Information Act 2000. The first eight bulletins in this series were published by the Department for Constitutional Affairs.

The formal monitoring work covers a total of 42 government bodies, including all major departments of state (i.e. Ministerial departments).

The monitored bodies which are not departments of state nonetheless have significant policymaking, regulatory or information-handling functions. As far as possible, this list includes major non-Ministerial Government Departments (NMGDs) and excludes Executive Agencies, although these classifications are not mutually exclusive and periodic “Machinery of Government” changes make it difficult to define the list precisely.

### **Coverage within the UK**

The Freedom of Information Act 2000 applies in England, Wales and Northern Ireland. The Northern Ireland Office and the Wales Office are included in these statistics. However, we have not collected formal monitoring data from the National Assembly for Wales, or from the bodies that make up the Northern Ireland Civil Service.

The Freedom of Information (Scotland) Act 2002 applies in Scotland. This legislation lies outside the scope of the monitoring work on which this bulletin is based. However, the Scotland Office has been included here because, although it deals with matters relating to Scotland, it is based in England and hence falls under the scope of the Freedom of Information Act 2000 rather than the corresponding Scottish legislation.

The following is a full list of the bodies covered by the monitoring statistics in the third quarter of 2008.

### **Departments of State**

- Attorney General’s Office
- Cabinet Office
- Communities and Local Government
- Department for Business, Enterprise and Regulatory Reform
- Department for Children, Schools and Families

Department for Culture, Media and Sport  
Department for Environment, Food and Rural Affairs  
Department for Innovation, Universities and Skills  
Department for International Development  
Department for Transport  
Department for Work and Pensions  
Department of Health  
Export Credits Guarantee Department  
Foreign and Commonwealth Office  
HM Treasury  
Home Office  
Ministry of Defence  
Ministry of Justice  
Northern Ireland Office  
Scotland Office  
Wales Office

#### **Other monitored bodies**

Central Office of Information  
Charity Commission  
Crown Prosecution Service  
Debt Management Office  
Food Standards Agency  
Health and Safety Executive and Commission  
HM Land Registry  
HM Revenue and Customs  
National Archives  
National Savings and Investments  
Office for National Statistics  
Office for Standards in Education (OFSTED)  
Office of Fair Trading  
Office of Gas and Electricity Markets (OFGEM)  
Office of Rail Regulation  
Ordnance Survey  
Royal Mint  
Rural Payments Agency  
Serious Fraud Office  
Treasury Solicitor's Department  
Water Services Regulation Authority (OFWAT)

#### **Notes**

1. The following departmental changes occurred between the beginning of July 2006 and the end of September 2008, the period covered by the in-year performance and volume tables (Tables A, B and C) in this bulletin.

On 2 April 2007, the functions of the **Privy Council Office (PCO)** were split between the Cabinet Office and the Department for Constitutional

Affairs (now the Ministry of Justice). No separate monitoring statistics have therefore been collected for the PCO from Q2 of 2007 onwards.

On 9 May 2007, the **Ministry of Justice (MoJ)** was created, assuming the responsibilities of the former Department for Constitutional Affairs (DCA), as well as the National Offender Management Service (NOMS) and the Office for Criminal Justice Reform (OCJR) from the Home Office. The statistics for MoJ comprise information requests received by the DCA prior to 9 May 2007 and requests received by all parts of MoJ since that date. Information requests received by NOMS and OCJR prior to the transfer of responsibilities on 9 May 2007 have been counted under the Home Office, of which they were a part at the time the request was initially received.

Requests relating to the Deputy Prime Minister received up to 28 June 2007 are counted against the **Deputy Prime Minister's Office (DPMO)**, which was abolished on that date.

Three new departments of state were created on 28 June 2007. These were the **Department for Children, Schools and Families (DCSF)**, the **Department for Innovation, Universities and Skills (DIUS)**, and the **Department for Business, Enterprise and Regulatory Reform (BERR)**. They replaced the Department for Education and Skills (DfES) and the Department of Trade and Industry (DTI). In the Q2 2007 statistics, information requests received by DCSF and DIUS on 28 and 29 June 2007, the last two working days of the quarter, were counted under the figures for DfES. Requests to BERR on these last two days of Q2 2007 were counted under the figures for DTI. The three new departments have been separately identified in the statistics since Q3 2007.

2. Cabinet Office figures include requests that were addressed to 10 Downing Street.
3. The figures provided by a number of Departments of State count the non-routine information requests received by one or more of their agencies, as well those received by the departments themselves. The departments and agencies affected are shown below.

#### Department for Transport

Figures include requests received by the following agencies:

- Driving Standards Agency
- Driver and Vehicle Licensing Agency
- Highways Agency
- Marine and Coastguard Agency
- Vehicle Certification Agency
- Vehicle and Operator Services Agency

## Department for Work and Pensions

Figures include requests received by the following agencies:

- Appeals Agency
- Child Support Agency
- Disability Carers Service
- Jobcentre plus
- Pension Service
- Rent Service

## Department for Culture Media and Sport

Figures include requests received by the Royal Parks Agency.

## Home Office

From 2006 onwards, figures include requests received by the Criminal Records Bureau, the Borders and Immigration Agency, and the UK Passport Service. The latter agency was absorbed within the Identity and Passport Service from 1 April 2006. Previously-supplied figures for the year 2005 only included requests received by the Home Office itself.

## Ministry of Defence

Figures include requests received by the following agencies:

- ABRO (Army Base Repair Organisation) (Trading Fund)
- Armed Forces Personnel Administration Agency
- Army Training and Recruiting Agency
- British Forces Post Office
- Defence Analytical Services Agency
- Defence Aviation Repair Agency (Trading Fund)
- Defence Bills Agency
- Defence Communications Services Agency
- Defence Estates
- Defence Medical Education and Training Agency
- Defence Procurement Agency
- Defence Science and Technology Laboratory (Trading Fund)
- Defence Storage and Distribution Agency
- Defence Transport and Movements Agency
- Defence Vetting Agency
- Disposal Services Agency
- Duke of York's Royal Military School
- Met Office (Trading Fund)
- Ministry of Defence Police and Guarding Agency
- Naval Recruiting and Training Agency
- Pay and Personnel Agency
- RAF Training Group Defence Agency
- Service Children's Education
- UK Hydrographic Office (Trading Fund)
- Veterans Agency

## Ministry of Justice

Figures include requests received by HM Court Service where they were referred to the department's Data Access and Compliance Unit.



## Explanatory notes

1. The statistics in this bulletin relate to the handling by central government bodies of information requests received under the Freedom of Information Act 2000 (Fol Act) and the Environmental Information Regulations 2004 (EIRs). They are collected and published by Ministry of Justice (MoJ), with assistance from Freedom of Information officers across central government.
2. The Fol Act received Royal Assent on 30 November 2000. Under the Act, anybody may request information from a public authority which has functions in England, Wales and/or Northern Ireland. The Act confers two statutory rights on applicants:
  - To be told whether or not the public authority holds that information; and if so,
  - To have that information communicated to them.

These statutory rights came into force on 1 January 2005. The MoJ is the lead department responsible for the Fol Act. Further information is available at:

<http://www.foi.gov.uk/index.htm>

3. The (amended) EIRs also came into force on 1 January 2005, to coincide with the Fol Act. They clarify and extend previous rights to environmental information held by public authorities. The Department for Environment, Food and Rural Affairs (Defra) is the lead department responsible for the EIRs. Further information is available from their website at:  
<http://www.defra.gov.uk/corporate/opengov/eir/index.htm>
4. These statistics are derived from monitoring returns submitted to MoJ in November 2008. They relate to information requests received during the period 1 July to 30 September 2008. The collection of monitoring data began on the 21st working day after the last day of this period (i.e. on 29 October 2008), since 20 working days is the statutory deadline for public authorities to respond to information requests under both the Fol Act and the EIRs.
5. Only “non-routine” information requests are counted in these statistics. Important notes on the scope and consistency of these statistics are given in **Appendix A**.
6. These statistics cover a total of 42 central government bodies. At the commencement of the Act in January 2005 there were 43 bodies covered by the monitoring statistics, but the precise number can change from time to time due to “Machinery of Government” changes. A full list of the monitored bodies in Q3 2008 is shown in **Appendix B**.

7. This is the fifteenth quarterly statistical bulletin on the implementation of the Fol Act. This publication has been prepared jointly by the Economics and Statistics Division and the Information Directorate of the Ministry of Justice.

### **Symbols and conventions**

The following symbols have been used throughout the tables in this bulletin:

- = Not applicable  
0 = Nil

### **Contact points for further information**

Press enquires on the implementation of the Freedom of Information Act in a particular government body should be addressed to that body's Press Office.

Press enquiries on the contents of this bulletin should be directed to the Ministry of Justice press office:

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Other enquiries about these statistics or queries on the Freedom of Information Act 2000 should be directed to:

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General enquiries about the statistical work of the Ministry of Justice can be e-mailed to: [statistics.enquiries@justice.gsi.gov.uk](mailto:statistics.enquiries@justice.gsi.gov.uk)

General information about the official statistics system of the UK is available from [www.statistics.gov.uk](http://www.statistics.gov.uk)

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