Refugees and Asylum Seekers

What is a refugee?
A refugee is someone who has been forced to flee their country because of persecution, war or violence. A refugee will have a well-founded fear of persecution for reasons of race, religion, nationality, political opinion or membership in a particular group.

What is an Asylum seeker?
An asylum seeker is someone who has applied for asylum and is waiting for a decision on whether or not they are a refugee.

What support is given
Asylum support in the form of money and housing is given by the Home Office until they make a decision on the asylum seekers status to remain in the UK. Asylum Seekers are not entitled to Universal Credit until the Home Office decision is made.

Once the asylum seeker has been granted refugee status and given leave to remain in the UK, they will receive a further 28 days of asylum support from the Home Office. This is to give them time to find work or apply for DWP benefits and look for accommodation.

A benefit claim can be made while they are receiving asylum support. The amount of asylum support is deducted from the benefit payment until the asylum support ends. Asylum support payments, in a Universal Credit claim, are treated as income in the usual way, unless it is given as a ‘one-off’ settlement grant by the Home Office, then it is treated as capital and not income.

A refugee may have complex needs that require individual tailored support for making or maintaining a benefit claim, assisted digital must always be considered and Universal Support offered. A refugee must be offered an advance payment when making a new claim.

For information and assistance in communicating with claimants whose first or preferred language is not English refer to the: Interpreter and Translation Services or Welsh language line.

Where linked pages mention LMS, other benefits or using other systems as appropriate, use the UL guidance and the UCFS service instead. If a claimant
needs support through translation services then it should be recorded in the claimant profile.

**People arriving under a resettlement scheme**

Currently the Home Office manage three resettlement schemes:

- Vulnerable person resettlement scheme – for people displaced from Syria
- Gateway protection programme – a small programme open to non-Syrians
- Vulnerable children’s resettlement scheme – is the same process as the vulnerable person resettlement scheme but for family groups from the Middle East and North Africa

Information on these three schemes can be found on Gov.uk

Participants receive a 12 month support package from the local authority or community sponsors. This includes help with finding accommodation, opening bank accounts and finding employment.

Resettlement refugees are given a one-off settlement grant by the Home Office. This grant should be classed as capital and not income. The arrival of those under resettlement schemes is known in advance, so we can help them claim Universal Credit and use our services as soon as possible after their arrival in the UK. Backdating decisions are often needed on these claims, and assisted digital must always be considered.

**Identifying a refugee**

If the asylum seeker is given limited or indefinite leave to remain in the UK, they become a refugee. The refugee will receive their biometric residence permit (BRP) with their National Insurance number on. Unless the BRP states they have no recourse to public funds, they can make a claim to Universal Credit.

Refugees are identified through the, Prove You Can Apply service.

Refugees who were granted this status in the 8 weeks before the Universal Credit claim, and who can provide their BRP or evidence of their status, can be fast tracked without having to complete the eHRT tool, a straightforward Habitual Residence Test decision is made.

**Method of payment**

Some refugees may not have opened a bank, building society account or a Post Office Card Account yet. Alternative payment methods must be considered so as not to prevent the Universal Credit payment being delayed. Refer to Universal Support for further support for the claimant.