Evidence verification

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Contents

Provision of evidence
Supplying information
Change of circumstances

Associated Guidance

Identity verification and standards of evidence

Provision of evidence

Evidence may be required to verify the information that claimants provide following making a claim. This can be in order to establish their identity, relevant circumstances, entitlement and for payment reasons.

Claimants must be given a calendar month, or a longer period if considered reasonable, to provide information or evidence in connection with their claim.

An ineligible partner, landlord / rent officer and relevant child care providers can also be required to provide information or evidence in connection with a claim.

Supplying information

The claimant can at any time during the request period:

- explain that the information or evidence does not exist
- inform that they need more time
- state that it is not possible for the claimant to obtain it

Claimants may be required to provide information / evidence on their ineligible partner to:

• confirm information about their circumstances

• to supply information / evidence in connection with the claim (for example their capital, earnings and income)

Change of circumstances

Any change in circumstances is taken into account immediately for conditionality purposes and the Labour Market regime is changed (if appropriate) when the change is notified. The change must then be validated to ensure the correct regime is in place going forward.

This differs from the approach to payments which may not be changed until the change has been validated. The change may not take effect until the end of the assessment period during which the change occurs or was notified (if later). When evidence / verification is received the change in regime should then be confirmed.

The reported change may impact on the allocated Labour Market regime across the whole household, not just the individual claimant and / or member of the couple reporting the change.

Claimants must be informed that the allocation to a regime is treated on a whole household basis for conditionality purposes. Over time this will encourage couples to make decisions based on their joint circumstances, whilst recognising their responsibilities as individual claimants.

Back to contents